

PMAUNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONNotes1.956
72P1164 NEWS
Cop 2

October 4, 1951

Seed production of certain legumes and grasses not now of commercial importance is being encouraged by making the sowing of these seeds an approved practice in the National Agricultural Conservation Program. Farmers making such sowings are eligible for assistance under the 1952 program.

PMA

Farm machinery allocations of controlled materials for the fourth quarter represent 85 percent of the steel, 60 percent of the copper, and 77 percent of the aluminum. The U. S. Department of Agriculture estimates would be required to maintain a production level of 100 percent of 1949 for new machinery and equipment and 105 percent for repair and replacement parts.

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The 1951 crop of crested wheatgrass seed estimated at 2,010,000 pounds of clean seed is only one-third as large as last year's large crop of 6,070,000 pounds, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reports.

PMA

"It's really unfortunate that the Agricultural Conservation Program is too often thought of and referred to only as a 'farm program.' Actually it is a national program serving the interests of all the people, not just the farmers....." Under Secretary of Agriculture, Clarence J. McCormick.

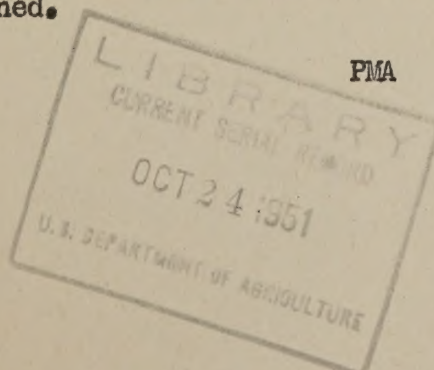
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The U. S. Department of Agriculture reports that through August 1951, farmers put 74,620,086 bushels of 1951-crop wheat, barley, oats, rye, grain sorghums and flaxseed under Commodity Credit Corporation price support.

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The American farm is a good source of the iron and steel scrap needed for defense production. The month of October 15 to November 15 has been designated as "Scrap Harvest" time. The scrap drive calls only for machinery and equipment which cannot be reconditioned.

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October 11, 1951

The price support level for the 1951 corn crop will be \$1.57 a bushel, national average, the U. S. Department of Agriculture announces.

PMA

Federal funds totaling over 13 million dollars will be distributed to the 11 Mid-western States, North Dakota included, to help provide lunches for children at school. The funds are part of about 83 1/3 million dollars appropriated by Congress for the National School Lunch Program in the school year just beginning.

PMA

More than 850,000 American farms did not have electric service on June 30, 1951, according to the annual estimate released by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The estimate, compiled by the Rural Electrification Administration, shows that 84 percent of the farms in this country were electrified.

PMA

Total supplies of commercial fertilizers for the 1952 crop year will probably exceed the record supplies for the year just ended, but will not be large enough to meet the expected demand, the Production and Marketing Administration announces.

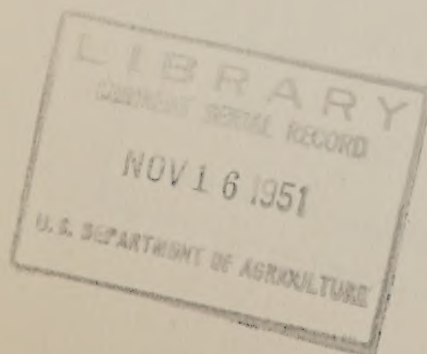
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Farmers who work straw, stubble, corn stalks and other crop residues into the surface soil this fall or next spring will be building up their land for future production and at the same time they will be keeping a lot of good topsoil from washing and blowing away.

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Loans and purchase agreements on the 1951 corn crop will be available to farmers from time of harvest through May 31, 1952, and will mature on July 31, 1952, the Production and Marketing Administration emphasizes.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

NEW

October 11, 1952

The price support level for the 1952 corn crop will be \$1.57 a bushel, national average, the U. S. Department of Agriculture announced.

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Federal funds totaling over 13 million dollars will be distributed to the 11 states, North Dakota included, to help provide lunches for children at school. The funds are part of about \$1.5 million dollars appropriated by Congress for the National School Lunch Program in the school year just beginning.

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More than 650,000 American farms did not have electric service on June 10, 1952, according to the annual estimate released by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The estimate, compiled by the Rural Electrification Administration, shows that 65 percent of the farms in this country were electrified.

PM

Total supplies of commercial fertilizers for the 1952 crop year will probably exceed the record supplies for the year just ended, but will not be large enough to meet the expected demand, the Production and Marketing Administration announced.

PM

Farmers who want straw, stubble, corn stalks and other crop residues for the winter will find it hard to get them. They will be holding up their hand for future production and as the year goes they will be keeping a lot of good crops from reaching and blowing away.

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Loans and purchase agreements on the 1952 corn crop will be available to farmers from time of harvest through May 31, 1953, and will expire on July 31, 1953, the Production and Marketing Administration explained.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION

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Cap 2
NEWS

October 18, 1951

A 1951 cotton crop of 16,931,000 bales, almost 7 million bales above the 1950 crop, is forecast by the U. S. Crop Reporting Board on the basis of information as of October 1.

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Cash income from marketings plus government payments to farmers in North Dakota totaled \$529,377,000 in 1950, the fifth largest of record, the Bureau of Agricultural Economics reports.

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With the 1951 turkey crop estimated to be more than one-sixth larger than the previous record, the U. S. Department of Agriculture has announced a "standby" program under which it would purchase large-size turkeys if it became necessary to assist farmers.

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"Let us never forget that, without an efficient agriculture which has released seven-eighths of our manpower from the need to cultivate the soil, we could not have the industrial or the military might that we possess today...." Secretary of Agriculture, Charles F. Brannan.

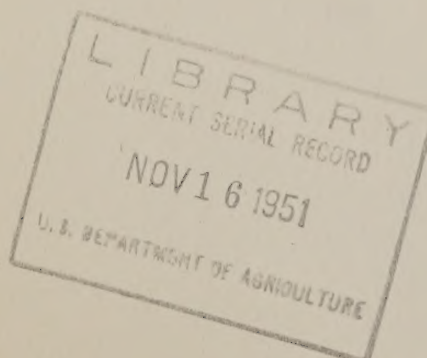
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The Agricultural Conservation Program provides assistance to help farmers protect their land against the ravages of erosion.

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The 1951 production of alfalfa seed is forecast at 2,025,200 bushels of thresher-run seed, according to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics. This is only 4 percent smaller than the very large 1950 crop.

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PMAUNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONNotes1956
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NEWS

October 25, 1951

Foods included on the U. S. Department of Agriculture's "Plentiful List" for November include: Apples, turkeys, cranberries, processed citrus products, raisins and dried prunes, cabbage, cauliflower, potatoes, pork, frozen perch fillets, canned tuna, dry beans, cottage cheese, and nonfat dry milk solids.

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The 1951 spring crop of 63.8 million pigs was second only to the record large crop of 74.2 million in 1944, the Production and Marketing Administration advises.

PMA

To emphasize the need for scrap metal, this month - October 15 through November 15 - has been specially designated as scrap metal harvest time. The Production and Marketing Administration urges all North Dakota farmers to cooperate in gathering scrap metal which is needed to make the steel to manufacture new farm equipment, and many other products needed in our defense program.

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One of the major objectives of the Agricultural Conservation Program is to help farmers produce what is needed to meet defense needs now and at the same time protect and improve the soil so that even greater demands may be met in the future.

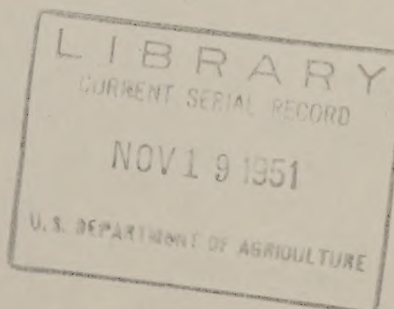
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Insects living in farm grain bins eat or destroy 5 percent or more of our Nation's stored grains and cereal products every year. They cause an annual estimated loss of at least 300 million bushels of grain, and that terrific loss is being carried principally by farmers, the Production and Marketing Administration points out.

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The production from every farm and the protection of every acre on every farm is needed if agriculture is to continue to provide for the Nation's needs, the Production and Marketing Administration emphasizes.

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NOTES

WORLD, NORTH AMERICA
WORLD, SOUTH AMERICA

NOTES

October 25, 1941

Products included on the U. S. Department of Agriculture's "Priority List" are: Apples, bananas, cantaloupes, peaches, pears, pineapples, raisins, and various other fruits and vegetables. These products are considered "essential" for the war effort.

THE

The 1941 spring crop of 63.8 million bushels was second only to the record 1936 crop of 64.5 million bushels. The production and marketing administration estimates.

THE

To expedite the need for corn meal, this month - October 15 through November 15 - has been designated as "Corn Meal Month". The Government and marketing administration urge all North American farmers to cooperate in increasing corn production to make the most of marketing new corn supplies, and many other products needed in our defense program.

THE

One of the major objectives of the Agricultural Conservation Program is to help farmers produce what is needed to meet defense needs and all the other things that are needed for the war effort. The Government and marketing administration urge all farmers to cooperate in increasing production to make the most of marketing new corn supplies, and many other products needed in our defense program.

THE

Products listed in this month's list are: Apples, bananas, cantaloupes, peaches, pears, pineapples, raisins, and various other fruits and vegetables. These products are considered "essential" for the war effort.

THE

The production from every farm and the production of every new or better farm is needed to contribute to the production of the Nation's goods. The Government and marketing administration urge all farmers to cooperate in increasing production to make the most of marketing new corn supplies, and many other products needed in our defense program.

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